



# BALINESE

SHORTHAIR AND LONGHAIR ARE JUDGED AS TWO SEPERATE BREEDS  
SHORTHAIR IS A CONSTITUANT CROSSING.

The ideal Balinese is medium in size, svelte, sinuous, elegant, extremely refined with long tapering line. Balinese possess a long, tapering wedge shape head which forms a triangle from the nose to the tips of the ears. There is no whisker pinch or nose dip. The eyes are almond-shape, slant towards the nose and are in harmony with the wedge. Generally, they are very tall on their legs. Their tail is long, tapered and whip-like. The coat is short and light.

## I – BODY/CONFORMATION (25)

(12) BODY & NECK – Long and svelte. Medium in size with a balanced body. A distinctive combination of fine bones and firm muscles. Shoulders and hips continue the same sleek line of a tubular body. Hips never wider than the shoulders. Neck is long and slender.

(5) MUSCLE & TONE – Long tapering lines, very lithe with firm muscles. This abdomen is tight.

(5) LEGS & FEET – Long and slim. In proportion to body. Hind legs higher than front. Paws dainty, small and oval. Paws delicately extend line of legs.

(3) TAIL – Long. Thin at the base and tapering to a fine point.

## II – HEAD (35)

(7) PROFILE – A long strait line is seen from top of head to tip of nose. No bulge is seen over eyes, or a dip evident in nose. Nose long and strait which continues to forehead without a break.

(6) WEDGE - MUZZLE – Wedge starts at nose and flares out in straight line to tips of ears, thus forming a triangle with no beak at the whiskers. When whiskers are smoothed back, underlying bone structure is apparent. Muzzle is fine and wedged shape.

(5) EARS – Strikingly large, pointed, wide at the base and continue the line of the wedge.

(10) EYES – Almond shape, medium size – neither protruding nor recessed. Slanting toward nose and in harmony with lines of wedge and ears.

(3) WIDTH BETWEEN EYES – No less than width of one eye.

(4) CHIN & JAW – Medium in size. Tip of chin lines up with tip of nose in same vertical plane. Chin neither receding nor protruding.

## III – COAT TEXTURE / LENGTH (10)

SHORTHAIR: Coat is short, fine textures, glossy and lying closely to body.

LONGHAIR: Long, fine and silky, lying close to the body without down undercoat. Coat shorter around head and on shoulders. Tail hair spreads out like a plume.

## IV – COLOUR (25)

(15) COAT COLOUR – There must be uniform density of colouring with proper colour for the paw pads and nose leather.

(10) EYE COLOUR – Blue, preference is given to deep, even and brilliant colour.

## V – CONDITION AND BALANCE (5)

The cat must be hard and muscular with no indication of fat or emaciation. Good health and vitality is essential.

## OBJECTIONS

	<b>DEDUCT</b>
Cobby, short, thick or flabby body	2-5
Short or thick neck	1-3
Short legs, heavy leg bones, large or round feet	2-5
Short or thick tail	1-3
Pale eye colour	1-3
Round, small or un-slanted eye aperture	2-5
Round or broad head; short broad muzzle	2-7
Bulging forehead	2-7
Receding chin	2-4
Roman nose	2-7

## WITHHOLDS

- Emaciation or any evidence of poor health
- Crossed eyes
- Weak hind legs
- Miniaturization
- Mouth breathing due to nasal obstruction or poor occlusion
- All grounds for withholding awards as listed in the General Preface.

## RECOGNIZED COLOURS

Seal, Blue, Lilac and Chocolate

For more information on the classification of this group, refer to the Recognition Rules of the Siamese group.

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**BREED ORIGIN:** Mutation

**REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS:** F1 allowed if crossed with Siamese or Oriental. Genetic test can be required.

*Balinese not registered with CCC must provide an 8 generation certified pedigree from another recognized association. Derogation possible with DNA testing, call Head Office for more info.*

**SHOWING REQUIREMENTS:** F1 allowed if crossed with Siamese or Oriental. Genetic test can be required.

**ALLOWED ANCESTRY:** Balinese, Siamese, Oriental

**ALLOWED MATINGS:** Balinese, Siamese, No AOV allowed